Minnesota State High School Mathematics League
Individual Event

2006-07 Event 2A

The first question is intended to be a quickie and is worth 1 point. Each of the next three questions is worth 2 points. Place your answer to each question on the line provided. You have 12 minutes for this event.

1. Find $x$ if $4(x - 7) = 3(2x - 11)$.

2. Find $x$ if $3(ax - 3) - 2(ax - 2) = 5(ax - 2) + ax - 3$.

3. There is an interval on the x-axis for which $5(x - 2) \geq 2(x - 7)$ and $11 - 4x \leq -5$. How long is this interval?

4. I notice when riding in a light rail car that there is a distinct clicking sound each time the wheels come to a new section of track. If I begin timing myself just after I hear a click, for how many seconds should I count so that the number of clicks counted will equal the speed of the train in miles per hour? (There are 5280 feet in a mile, and the sections of rail are 22 feet long.)

Name ___________________________ Team ___________________
Minnesota State High School Mathematics League
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2006-07 Event 2B

The first question is intended to be a quickie and is worth 1 point. Each of the next three questions is worth 2 points. Place your answer to each question on the line provided. You have 12 minutes for this event.

All questions refer to the Figure at the right which shows a right triangle ABC with legs BC = 3, CA = 4. A line segment has been drawn from C to D so that CD ⊥ AB.

1. What is the length of CD?

2. Extend CD until it intersects at E a line erected at A to be perpendicular to AC. Find the length of AE.

3. From D, drop a line perpendicular to AC, meeting AC at F. What is the length of CF?

4. Using E as described in Problem 2, what is the length of BE?

Name ____________________________ Team ____________________________
2006-07 Event 2C

The first question is intended to be a quickie and is worth 1 point. Each of the next three questions is worth 2 points. Place your answer to each question on the line provided. You have 12 minutes for this event.

1. Figure 1 shows a right triangle $ABC$ with legs $BC = 3$, $CA = 4$. Find $\sin(\angle A + \angle B)$.

2. In $\triangle ABC$ shown in Figure 1, let the line bisecting $\angle A$ intersect $BC$ at $D$. What is the length of $CD$?

3. Derive a formula for $\tan 3\theta$ that involves $\tan \theta$ and no other trigonometric functions.

4. In a certain $\triangle ABC$, $\cos A \cos B + \sin A \sin B \sin C = 1$. Find the measure in degrees of $\angle A$, $\angle B$, and $\angle C$.

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Figure 1
Minnesota State High School Mathematics League
Individual Event

2006-07 Event 2D

The first question is intended to be a quickie and is worth 1 point. Each of the next three questions is worth 2 points. Place your answer to each question on the line provided. You have 12 minutes for this event.

1. Write an equation of the line tangent to the graph of the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 5$ at (2,1).

2. The graph of $xy = 1$ is symmetric about the line $L$ having equation $y = x$. Write the equation of the line tangent to the graph of $xy = 1$ at the point where it crossed the line $L$ in the third quadrant.

3. Write an equation of the circle of radius $\sqrt{20}$ that is tangent to the graph of the line $x + 2y = 5$ at (3,1) and lies entirely in the first quadrant.

4. A $30^\circ - 60^\circ - 90^\circ \triangle ABC$ with hypotenuse 3 and an isosceles right $\triangle EBD$ with hypotenuse $\sqrt{6}$ are positioned as in Figure 4 with their hypotenuses intersecting at $F$. Give in exact form the length of the line dropped from $F$ perpendicular to $AB$ at $G$.

![Figure 4](image.png)

Name______________________________Team______________________________
Minnesota State High School Mathematics League
Team Event

2006-07 Meet 2

Each question is worth 4 points. Team members may cooperate in any way, but at the end of twenty minutes, one set of answers is to be submitted. Put answers on the lines provided.

1. In Event 2B, a 3-4-5 right $\triangle ABC$ was described in which a line was drawn from $C$ to $D$ on the hypotenuse making $CD \perp AB$. If coordinate axes are drawn with the origin at $C$ and we have $A(4,0)$ and $B(0,3)$ (Figure 1), what will be the coordinates of $D$?

2. Write in the form $Ax + By + C = 0$ the equation of a line drawn in Figure 1 that is parallel to $AB$ and exactly 3 units below point $C$ (i.e. the origin).

3. In Figure 1, let the bisectors of $\angle CAB$ and $\angle ABC$ intersect at $E$. Find the coordinates of $E$.

4. Write an equation of the circle of radius $\sqrt{20}$ that is tangent in the first quadrant to the graph of the line $x + 2y = 5$ and passes through $(-5,-4)$.

5. The y-intercept of a line passing through $\left(\frac{5}{2}, 3\right)$ is $\frac{1}{3}$ of the x-intercept. What is the smallest integer value of x for which the graph of this line is in the fourth quadrant?

6. Napoleon's Theorem says that if equilateral triangles are constructed on the three sides of an arbitrary triangle, then the centers of these three triangles will themselves be vertices of an equilateral triangle. Beginning with $\triangle ABC$ in Figure 1 and constructing the three equilateral triangles exterior to $\triangle ABC$, what will the length of the sides of the equilateral triangle guaranteed by Napoleon's Theorem?

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Team ___________________________

Figure 1